# Research and Preparation- Draft due Monday, One Roll of Parchment by Tuesday

## Cropleek (modern term - garlíc)

- 1. What is the chemical composition of garlic?
- 2. Do scientific studies show garlic to have any antibiotic properties? (Skip to 4 if not.)
- 3. If so,
  - a. What kind of bacteria does it kill?
  - b. What in the garlic kills bacteria?
- 4. What other health benefits has it been proven to provide?

### Garlic (modern term - field or wild onion)

- 1. What is the chemical composition of onion?
- 2. Do scientific studies show onion to have any antibiotic properties? (Skip to 4 if not.)
- 3. If so,
  - a. What kind of bacteria does it kill?
  - b. What in the onion kills bacteria?
- 4. What other health benefits has it been proven to provide?

# Bullock Bíle (modern term - ox bíle)

- 1. What is the chemical composition of ox bile?
- 2. Do scientific studies show ox bile to have any antibiotic properties? (Skip to 4 if not.)
- 3. If so,
  - a. What kind of bacteria does it kill?
  - b. What in the ox bile kills bacteria?
- 4. What other health benefits has it been proven to provide?

# **Wine** (modern term for medieval wine - vinegar)

- 1. How was wine different in medieval times?
- 2. What is the chemical composition of vinegar?
- 3. Do scientific studies show vinegar to have any antibiotic properties? (Skip to 4 if not.)
- 4. If so,
  - a. What kind of bacteria does it kill?
  - b. What in the vinegar kills bacteria?
- 5. What other health benefits has it been proven to provide?

# Brazen Vessel (modern term - brass bowl)

- 1. What is the chemical composition of brass?
- 2. Do scientific studies show brass to have any antibiotic properties? (Skip to 4 if not.)
- 3. If so,
  - a. What kind of bacteria does it kill?
  - b. What in the brass kills bacteria?
- 4. What other health benefits has it been proven to provide?

#### Chemical Interactions.

- 1. Looking at the chemicals that make up all objects for the potion garlic, onion, ox bile, vinegar, and brass, which substances might react and what might they produce?
- 2. Would another type of metal cauldron work better? If so, what type and why?

### Preparation.

- 1. What would be better for preparing the onions and garlic; cutting, mincing, crushing, or other technique? Why?
- 2. The ox bile is in tablet form. In medieval times, it would have been in a liquid form, directly from a butchered bull. Will you make any modifications to your tablet, and if so, what changes and why?
- 3. How much of each ingredient should you use, knowing you only need enough to saturate a hole punch of filter paper but need the ingredients to react?
- 4. Plan and write out all details of materials, amounts, and procedures in details. Include nine day reaction period and two days for testing.

# Potion Making Procedure, Data, Analysis and Conclusions - one roll of parchment due at end of analysis

- A. **Procedure:** When performing the procedure, make notes as to any modifications you make or observations.
- B. Data: How many millimeters was your disc's zone of inhibition?
- C. **Analysis:** How did your potion's effectiveness compare with others? Based on a comparison of your procedure with others'? What could explain that?
- D. **Conclusion:** Was your potion an effective antibiotic? What would you recommend for someone trying to make a more effective potion? What further testing (different materials, techniques..) would you suggest trying? How could this information be useful?

#### E. Discussion

- 1. Would this potion work on a cold or flu? Why or why not?
- 2. Would it work on athlete's foot? Why or why not?
- 3. Would this potion be effective on MRSA, Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus, the bacteria that has mutated to survive common modern antibiotics? Why or why not?