Half-life Problems

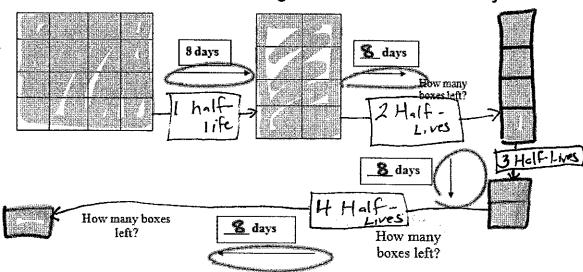
Reference Table N might be helpful!

10. What ishalf-life? (rate of decay)

The time interval required for half the sample of a radioactive isotope to disintegrate. Considered "constant" for an isotope!

11. Complete the following diagram by predicting the number of boxes left and the amount of time that has past during the decay.

of boxes = amount remaining radioactive AFTER decay!



a. Looking at the diagram above how much total time did it take for the decay?

b. According to the diagram how many decays occurred? Count the arrows!

4 decays

12. We will learn **four** types of Radioactive Decay Problems: LET'S DO THEM TOGETHER!

a. Indium-115 has a half-life equal to 4.5 hours) If the sample were originally 12 mg how much would remain after 13.5 hours? "Time Time" forward decay Using info from 1) "Time Time" fraction remaining What is the fraction remaining? 1/2 -> 1/4 -= 1/8 amour b. 450.0 a sample of 16N decays to 12.5 oin 14.4 seconds. What is its "Mass Mass" forward decay 50 g → 25g -> 12.5g 2 derays c. There are 5.0 grams of I-131 left after 40.35 days. How many grams "Time Time" reverse decay were in the original sample if its half life 68.07 days2 $\frac{40.35}{8.57} = 5 \text{ checays}$ 160 = 80 = 40 = 20 = 10 =

HALF-LIFE WORKSHEET

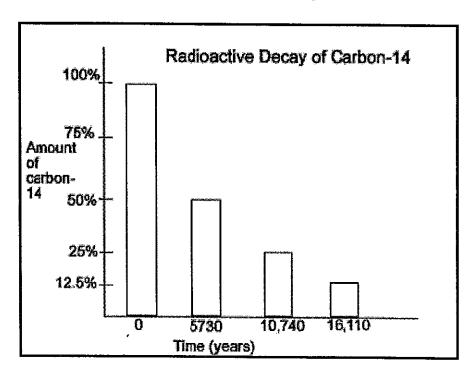
- 1. What is radioactivity?
- 2. What is half-life?

halflives?

3. If we start with 400 atoms of a radioactive substance, how many would remain after one halflife? _____ after two half-lives? _____ after four halflives? _____
4. If we start with 48 atoms of a radioactive substance, how many would remain after one halflife? _____ after two half-lives? _____ after four halflives? _____
5. If we start with 16 grams of a radioactive substance, how much will remain after three halflives? _____

6. If we start with 120 atoms of a radioactive substance, how many will remain after three

Use the following graph to answer questions 7-10.



- 7. How long is a half-life for carbon-14?_____
- 8. If only 25% of the carbon-14 remains, how old is the material containing the carbon-14?_____
- 9. If a sample originally had 120 atoms of carbon-14, how many atoms will remain after 16,110 years?
- 10. If a sample known to be about 10,740 years old has 400 carbon-14 atoms, how many atoms were in the sample when the organism died?

Use the following chart to answer questions 11-14.

| Radioactive Substance | Approximate half-life | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Radon-222 | 4 days | |
| Iodine-131 | 8 days | |
| Radium-226 | 1600 years | |
| Carbon-14 | 5,730 years | |
| Plutonium-239 | 24,120 years | |
| Uranium-238 | 4,470,000,000 | |

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11. If we start with 8000 atoms of radium-226, how much would remain after 3,200 years? 2000 of om Half life of Radium-224 is 1600 yes. 3,200/1600 = 2 half-lines. So

8000-74000

12. If we start with 20 atoms of plutonium-239, how many would remain after 48,240 years?

7~Halflik 4000 -> 2000

- 13. If we start with 60 atoms of uranium-238, how many remain after 4,470,000,000 years?
- 14. If we start with 24 atoms of iodine-131, how many remain after 32 days?

Use the Reference Table on the side to assist you in answering the remaining questions.

- 15. How long does it take a 100.00g sample of As-81 to decay to 6.25g?
- 16. How long does it take a 180g sample of Au-198 to decay to 1/8 its original mass?

Half-lives:

As-81 = 33 seconds

Au-198 = 2.69 days

C-14 = 5730 years

- 17. What percent of a sample of As-81 remains un-decayed after 43.2 seconds?
- 18. What is the half-life of a radioactive isotope if a 500.0g sample decays to 62.5g in 24.3 hours?
- 19. How old is a bone if it presently contains 0.3125g of C-14, but it was estimated to have originally contained 80.000g of C-14?